

CATARH CURED BY DRY AIR.

**Hymel Medicates the Air You Breathe,
Kills the Germs and Cures
the Disease.**

Hymel cures catarrh thoroughly and permanently, because it reaches the smallest air cells in the head, throat and lungs, kills the germs causing the disease and drives it from the system. Hymel goes to the root of the disease, destroys the cause, and makes permanent cures which can be effected in no other way. Breathe it for a few minutes four times a day and benefit will be seen at once. Continue this treatment for a few weeks and Hymel will have cured you.

The Hymel in the inhaler furnished with the outfit dries and sterilizes the air you breathe. It is a local and direct treatment for eradicating all catarrh germs in the mucous membrane and tissues and in this way cures catarrh in any part of the system. Used in connection with Hymel Balm it has been successful in curing the worst and most deep-seated cases of catarrhal deafness.

A. W. Clark of Everett, Mass., writes: "I have spent a fortune on different treatments for catarrh and could not hear across the table. After using Hymel and Hymel Balm for eight days I can hear as well as ever."

Stronger than any claims that can be made in an advertisement is the fact that the Red Cross Pharmacy will give their personal guarantee with every Hymel outfit; they sell to refund the money if the purchaser can say that Hymel has not given satisfaction.

Ocean Liners in Collision.

Southampton, England, May 6.—The Atlantic Transport line steamer Marquette, Captain Richardson, from London May 4 for New York, and the North German Lloyd steamer Preussen, Captain Prehn, from Hamburg Sunday for the far east, collided during a fog in the channel last night. Both steamers put into this port for repairs. It is not expected that they will be delayed for any length of time. The Marquette's stern was stove in above the water line and part of her masting was carried away. The Preussen's bow was stove in. It is hoped the Marquette will be able to resume her voyage Thursday.

Agriculturists Denounce Ritchie.

London, May 6.—The opposition to the proposal of the chancellor of the exchequer, Mr. Ritchie, to abolish the duty on grain which has been voiced by numerous chambers of agriculture crystallized in a meeting of the Associated Chambers of Agriculture in London. With only three dissentients the large assemblage, after a heated attack on Mr. Ritchie's "wabbly" policy in connection with this tax, passed a resolution condemning the proposed action and appointing a deputation to call on Premier Balfour and confer with him on the subject. It is not believed the protest will have any effect.

Forest Fires in Adirondacks.

Plattsburgh, N. Y., May 6.—Continued dry weather and strong winds have started the forest fires again on the northern slope of the Adirondacks causing the death of one person. Bert Eseltine, a farmer, near Everett, four miles from St. Regis falls, lost a son fifteen years old, and a horse. The lad went to the pasture to catch the horse, but the flames surrounded them, and both were burned to death. At Mountain View, fourteen miles south of Malone, the house and barns of Charles Jones, a guide, were burned, including live stock and several tons of hay.

Firebug Foiled.

Richmond, Va., May 6.—The excitement caused by the big fire at West Point last week was renewed when an attempt was made to burn the present residence of Richard Pilder, the man in whose house last week's conflagration started. The flames, however, were quickly extinguished. An unknown man was seen running from the alley in the rear of Pilder's residence after the fire was discovered. He was pursued, but not captured.

Missionary Dies in Salonika.

Des Moines, Ia., May 6.—Mrs. James Miller of Cedar Falls has received a cablegram announcing that her daughter, Mrs. Edward B. Haskell, a missionary, is dead at Salonika, Turkey. There is nothing to indicate that death was not natural.

British Columbia's Scandal.

Victoria, B. C., May 6.—The British Columbia legislature has adjourned for a week in order that the charges of corruption in connection with the proposed railroad land grant may be fully investigated.

A Greek Actor in Port.

New York, May 6.—Among the passengers who arrived by the steamer Seriphos from the Levant was Dionisios Tavoriast, manager of the Royal theater at Athens, Greece, and a Greek actor of note.

Pillsbury's Best Flour

is sold by grocers everywhere in sacks and barrels. While it is sold everywhere, it is not sold by every grocer. Hence, a grocer who does not keep Pillsbury's Best Flour, naturally will try to sell the flour he has in stock, declaring, either through ignorance or from a desire to dispose of what he has on hand, that his flour is as good as any other. Care should be taken to buy Pillsbury's Best Flour in original packages, so as to get the genuine article.

WALSER IS INNOCENT

So Brother of Murdered Reichlin Girl Declares.

CORONER'S INQUEST BEGUN

Police of Lornain, O., Now Working on a New Theory That Victim Was Killed by a Discarded Sweetheart.

Elyria, O., May 6.—The coroner's inquest in connection with the murder of Miss Agatha Reichlin last Thursday night at Lornain has begun here in the presence of a large number of people. Father Walsler, the accused priest, was represented by counsel.

For the first time since the tragedy, Cassimer Reichlin, the younger brother of the murdered girl, who was in the house last Thursday night when the crime was committed, has told his story of the happenings of the night. The statement details how Father Walsler, Agatha and Cassimer spent the evening in talking and singing, all retiring between 10 and 11 o'clock. Cassimer says he was awakened about 1 o'clock by the priest rushing into his room and excitedly stating that burglars were in the house. He arose and ran to his sister's room and found her lying in her bed, covered with blood and life extinct. He then searched the house, but found no one.

Fresh Mud on Attic Floor.
Continuing, Cassimer said he notified the police and took them into the attic, where they found fresh mud on the attic floor under the attic window and afterward on the ladder. "I pulled in the ladder," he said, "so that the scent would stay in the room and we could start the bloodhounds from it."

"Father Walsler turned to me and said: 'I cannot say mass tomorrow unless I have something to drink tonight.'"

Cassimer said he procured a jug of liquor from a neighboring saloon, but declared positively that there had been no drinking before he and Father Walsler went to bed.

"You have every confidence that Father Walsler is not guilty of the crime with which he is charged?" was asked.

"If Father Walsler is guilty, then I am guilty. If he should hang, then they ought to hang me. I know he is innocent."

Later the same question was asked of Father Reichlin. He said: "I have absolute faith in Father Walsler. I know he is innocent."

Since his incarceration Rev. Mr. Walsler has had his Bible and prayer book constantly at his side. He has been visited in his cell by many of his brother clergymen. To all he has protested his innocence.

Suspect Sweetheart.
Detectives from Cleveland have been engaged to pursue the investigation into the mysterious affair.

Miss Reichlin is now known to have had a proffer of marriage a few months ago and to have rejected it. This knowledge has given rise to a theory that she may have been murdered by a jilted sweetheart.

The detectives are picking up clues on the burglary theory also. An attempt was made to enter two other houses in Lornain on the night of the murder.

Dirt Diggers on Strike.
Mount Vernon, N. Y., May 6.—Between 300 and 400 Italian laborers, members of the local Dirt Diggers' union, who have been on strike since last week, marched to where sixty negroes were at work and persuaded them to quit and join the strikers. The strikers then marched around the city and succeeded in getting practically all laborers to quit until they came to where an Italian contractor is building a sewer. This contractor refused to let the strikers talk to his men and sent to the chief of police for police assistance. The chief promptly sent a squad of officers to the scene, and they are now guarding the men at work.

No Hope of Peace in Omaha.
Omaha, Neb., May 6.—Labor difficulties are rapidly reaching an acute state, and all hope of a peaceable settlement has passed. Committees from the Business Men's association and the striking unions were in session for hours seeking to reach an agreement. Several propositions were proposed by each side, but all were turned down, and now it is settled that there will be a fight to a finish.

Chaffee Inspects Ninth Infantry.
Watertown, N. Y., May 6.—General Adna R. Chaffee and staff passed through this city en route for Sackett's Harbor, where the Ninth United States Infantry, at Madison Barracks, was inspected.

Indian Chief to Be a Priest.
Green Bay, Wis., May 6.—Cornelius Hill, chief of the Oneida Indians, last survivor of the famous Six Nations of New York state, will be ordained as priest of the Episcopal church June 24, on the reservation near this city. Bishop Grafton of Fond du Lac will conduct the ceremony.

Tank Steamship Ashore.
Philadelphia, May 6.—The Dutch tank steamship Ocean, Amsterdam for Philadelphia, has gone ashore off Indian river, seven miles below the breakwater. The steamship is well up on the beach, but is in good condition.

The Weather.
Fair and warmer; fresh northeast winds, diminishing.

ABUSES IN THE KONGO.

Natives Reduced to State of Virtual Slavery.

London, May 6.—The Rev. William Morrison of Lexington, Va., a member of the American Presbyterian mission, who is here on his way home after six years' work along the Kongo river, about 1,200 miles in the interior of the Kongo State, fully confirms the stories of the abuses in the Kongo administration. He has furnished an exhaustive report on the situation to the Kongo authorities, to the American and British ministers at Brussels and to Foreign Secretary Lansdowne, detailing the results of his personal investigation and showing that the situation is daily growing worse as a result of the rubber monopoly's introduction of forced labor, virtually amounting to slavery.

On his way to the coast the Rev. Mr. Morrison covered 800 miles of the Kasai river, formerly thickly dotted with villages, and he says there are now less than a dozen villages there, the people having fled into the forests to escape the tyranny of the whites. The missionary declares it is impossible for the natives to get any redress from the Kongo State officials for the flagrant abuse and cruelties to which they are subjected.

The Rev. Mr. Morrison sails for New York on the Cunard line steamer Etruria, leaving Liverpool May 9, and will furnish the state department at Washington with further evidence on the subject of Kongo State abuses.

REDUCTION OF NAVIES.

Italy Has Asked Great Britain to Join the Movement.

Rome, May 6.—In the chamber of deputies Signor Giocotti interpolated the government on the report that it intended to propose to the government of Great Britain that negotiations be entered into with the view of arranging for a simultaneous reduction of the navies of the great powers.

Signor Baccelli, undersecretary of state, in reply said the British premier, Mr. Balfour, and the secretary of the British admiralty, Mr. Arnold-Forster, recently declared that Great Britain was ready to diminish her sea forces if the other powers agreed to follow the same course, but Great Britain had not yet definitely taken the initiative in the matter, and consequently Italy had taken no action in the matter.

The undersecretary of state added that if Great Britain proposed to take a definite step in the direction indicated Italy would consider it to be inopportune on the ground that while the other powers had recently been increasing the strength of their navies Italy had reduced her fleet and also because of Italy's position, requiring the defense of distant possessions and in view of the great number of Italians in foreign countries.

Sixth Death From Detroit Disaster.
Detroit, Mich., May 6.—The ninth victim of Sunday night's accident at the corner of Canfield and Dequindre streets, when a Grand Trunk train plowed through a party of Polish excursionists from Toledo who were boarding a Lake Shore train at the crossing, has died at Harper hospital. He is Joseph Szaruleta, aged twenty years, of 470 Junction avenue, Toledo. Joseph Schafanski of 1123 Campbell avenue, Toledo, and Helen Rodziewicz of Warsaw street, Toledo, who are in a critical condition, are reported as having passed a comfortable night, and both show slight improvement. The other injured are believed to be out of danger.

Caleb Powers' Case Called.
Georgetown, Ky., May 6.—The case against ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers as accessory to the murder of William Goebel three years ago, was called for a third trial, when attorneys for Powers renewed their motion for Judge Cantrill to vacate the bench. The judge took the motion under advisement. The cases of Harlan Whitaker, "Tallow Dick" Coombes and J. W. Davis as accessory to the Goebel murder were continued. As another murder case was called it is conceded that the Powers case will not be heard at this term of court.

Porto Rico Wants Money.
Washington, May 6.—Commissioner Degoutin, representing the government of Porto Rico, has presented to the state department a claim of that government against the government of Cuba for about \$1,000,000 which he wishes the department to present through the proper diplomatic channels. The claim is based on an alleged loan by Porto Rico to Cuba of the sum named before the war which resulted in the cession of the island to the United States.

New Jersey Churchmen Meet.
Camden, N. J., May 6.—The one hundred and thirty-first annual convention of the Episcopal church of the diocese of New Jersey has begun here. Bishop Scarborough presiding. Nearly 100 ministers and ninety laymen attended the opening session. The question of changing the name of the creed is the most important subject before the convention.

Delegate From Alaska.
Indianapolis, May 6.—Senator Beveridge announces that the subcommittee of the United States senate committee on territories will meet here June 1 and start to Alaska to investigate and report as to the best method of electing a delegate to congress from the territory.

Sweden Retains Male Duty.
Stockholm, Sweden, May 6.—At a joint session of both houses of the riksdag it was decided by 192 to 151 votes to retain the duty on maize, which the government proposed to abolish.

To Aid Nature

This health giver is most speedy in action and satisfactory in results. There will be no bilious attacks or sick-headaches if you take

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

THE KAISER AT ABBEY

Redeems a Promise to the Benedictine Monks.

ABBOT AMERICAN PRIEST.

Father Krug First Man From This Side the Atlantic to Hold Chair of St. Benedict—King Victor Emmanuel in Party.

Monte Cassino, Italy, May 6.—Emperor William and King Victor Emmanuel arrived here this morning, accompanied by Crown Prince Frederick William, Prince Eitel, the Duke of Aosta, the Duke of Abruzzi, the Duke of Genoa and the Count of Turin. They were accorded an enthusiastic reception.

The scene was extremely picturesque. Quaint crowds of peasants, friars and sisters gathered from miles around the village to see the extraordinary spectacle of two sovereigns and six princes at Monte Cassino. The real reasons for the visit were the part taken by Emperor William in assisting the Benedictine institutions in Prussia and the promise which he made to visit the celebrated mother house here.

Gorgeous royal equipages, with outriders and postillions in hunting liveries, accompanied by a military escort and the suits of the sovereigns and princes, drove up to the abbey from the station, cheered by the peasants. At the abbey a detachment of troops rendered military honors and a battery of guns fired a salute.

American Abbot.

When the abbot, the Rev. Father Boniface Krug, from St. Vincent's arch-abbey, near Reatty, Pennsylvania, (the first American to hold the position), appeared, surrounded by the friars, at the foot of the grand staircase, the contrast in the two groups, the sovereigns and their party and the abbot and the friars, with the background of grim, historic walls which had resounded on various occasions with battle cries as well as with prayers, presented a most attractive spectacle. It was the first time an emperor of Germany had been received at the Abbey of Monte Cassino. In fact, in the past the followers of the emperor of Germany had been the most dreaded of the intruders on the solitude of Monte Cassino.

The Rev. Father Krug received the emperor and King Victor Emmanuel in a most cordial manner and expressed his appreciation of the honor conferred on the abbey by the visit of their majesties.

KING EDWARD HOME.

Receives a Great Popular Welcome in London.

London, May 6.—When King Edward reached Portsmouth from Cherbourg the forts saluted and the ships were manned and dressed. His majesty, later, took a train for London. He received a great popular welcome on his arrival here. The railroad station was closed to the public, but the approaches were thronged by large crowds, and the road to Buckingham palace, which was gayly decorated with flags, was thickly lined with people. The Prince of Wales, Prince Christian, the Duke of Cambridge, Prince Charles of Denmark, Premier Balfour, Field Marshal Lord Roberts and others greeted his majesty at the station. After inspecting the guard of honor the king drove to the palace, visibly pleased by the hearty cheers which followed his progress along the whole route. His majesty appeared to be in excellent health.

Papal Present to Von Bulow.

Rome, May 6.—The pope has sent Chancellor von Bulow a magnificent case containing a collection of all the medals struck during his pontificate.

Chinese Leper Escapes.

St. Louis, May 6.—Dong Gong, the Chinese leper who has been in close confinement at quarantine, about two miles below Jefferson Barracks, for the past year and a half, has escaped. Dr. Woodruff, superintendent of the quarantine hospital, at once ordered a search for the dangerous patient, who is still at large. Dong Gong's condition has not materially changed since his ostracism from society, but he is too dangerous a patient to be at large. Every effort will be made to apprehend him.

Costello Will Probably Live.

Buffalo, May 6.—It was reported at the General hospital that John B. Costello, the wealthy mine owner who was shot by his wife, passed a satisfactory night and was out of immediate danger so far as the doctors could determine. Although the bullet has not been positively located, the surgeons are satisfied it missed the right lung. The bullet is doubtless lodged somewhere in Mr. Costello's shoulder.

KENT'S DEFENSE.

Ethel Dingle's Letters to Dr. Grant Introduced.

Rochester, N. Y., May 6.—Dr. George H. Grant was called by the defense in the Kent manslaughter case and requested to hand over all the love letters that Ethel Dingle had written to him. The doctor arose and asked permission to say a few words. The court granted the request, and the witness in a musical voice began: "These are letters written to me by a lady whom I have always deeply respected. It is with the deepest regret that I now produce them to be published abroad."

When Attorney Ratnes interrupted him, asking, "How much more of this must we hear?" the court informed the doctor that if there was anything in the epistles which should not be brought out it would be suppressed. Jack Mackay, the express agent from Buffalo, who the prosecution maintains was the cause of Grant's breaking off with Miss Dingle three days before their wedding day, was on the stand for two hours. The witness flatly contradicted the testimony of the whole Dingle family, which was to the effect that no wedding date for Ethel and Grant had ever been set. He declared that Ethel had planned on marrying Grant on the same day that Mabel Dingle, her sister, was married to Alonzo Van Allen. Mackay said that this double wedding had been depended upon by the decedent and that she had told him of it.

He also declared that Grant said to him, "Do you suppose I would ever marry Ethel Dingle?" This led him to believe that Grant was "double crossing" the girl, and he said he felt sorry for her and tried to undeceive her. The last day Ethel Dingle was alive she spent by the side of Mackay at the Buffalo General hospital. All that day, said Mackay, she sobbed and wrung her hands and repeatedly said: "I can't stand it. I won't live." The last time he saw her alive was when she rushed out of the room, closely followed by Kent.

A street car conductor testified that Kent and Miss Dingle rode on his car early one morning. This was when the decedent is alleged to have attempted suicide in Buffalo and Kent saved her by chasing her all over the city throughout the night.

Magnetic Surgery.

Vallejo, Cal., May 6.—John Geteg, an apprentice at the navy yard, was severely injured last week by a piece of steel, which flew from a tool, imbedding itself in his face. It was thought that the metal had been entirely removed from the wound, but it showed indications of the presence of a foreign substance. Master Electrician Petrie became interested in the case and arranged an electro magnet of his own design, capable of lifting 500 pounds. The magnet was held directly over the orifice and the current turned on. In an instant the offending piece of metal flew from the wound and attached itself to the magnet.

American Medical Congress.

New Orleans, May 6.—With a record breaking attendance, both in point of delegates and visitors, and with many distinguished physicians, surgeons and scientists present, the fifty-fourth annual meeting of the American Medical association has opened. President Frank Billings called the meeting to order and spoke briefly in acknowledging the several addresses of welcome. The main business of the association was transacted by the house of delegates at the first meeting which was held subsequent to the formal opening of the convention. President Billings presided and presented his annual report.

Machinists Catch a Spy.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 6.—Four men, one of them a delegate and the others members of the union in good standing, it is alleged by President James O'Connell of the International Association of Machinists, have been present at the convention of that organization in this city in the capacity of spies for the National Metal Trades association. The suspected delegate has confessed that he was an agent of the Metal Trades association and exposed the names of his three associates. This was the only feature of the opening day of the machinists' convention.

Coal Strike at Wilkesbarre Ends.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 6.—The strike of the Kingston Coal company's workers has ended, the men referring their grievance to their general committee. They have been out for four days owing to their refusal to work with a new docking boss appointed by the company. Work on the new government building has been resumed, the contractor having granted the demands of the striking hod carriers. Other building operations are still suspended.

Fire Which Was Nearly Fatal.

Shirley, Mass., May 6.—The engineer of a train passing through here who saw flames in a barn near the track blew the locomotive whistle as hard as he could to awaken the people. The signal failed and the fire spread to the house in which two families, including eight persons, slept, unconscious of danger. Half an hour after the train had passed neighbors discovered the fire, battered in the door of the house and rescued its occupants. Two of the eight persons were almost unconscious from smoke when they reached them.

Shaw Going to Europe.

Washington, May 6.—Secretary Shaw, accompanied by Mrs. Shaw, his two daughters and son, will sail for Europe July 4. The secretary's trip will be very brief, but his family will remain abroad until autumn. Secretary Shaw has gone to Texas to look after some private business matters. He will be gone about a week.

JAS. H. MONTGOMERY, M.D.

In a Carefully Prepared Article recommends Dr. D. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

In a recent issue of the New York Magazine of Sanitation and Hygiene, the recognized authority on all matters pertaining to health, James H. Montgomery, M. D., says editorially:

"After a careful investigation of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, a specific for kidney, liver and bladder troubles, rheumatism, dyspepsia and constipation with its attendant ills, we are free to confess that a more meritorious medicine has never come under the examination of the chemical and medical experts of the New York Magazine of Sanitation and Hygiene. In fact, after the most searching tests and rigid inquiry into the record of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, it becomes a duty to recommend its use in unequivocal terms to every reader of this journal whose complaint comes within the list of ailments which this remedy is advertised to cure. We have obtained such overwhelming proof of the efficacy of this specific—have so satisfactorily demonstrated its curative powers through personal experiments—that a cure for the interests of our readers leads us to call attention to its great value."

JAMES H. MONTGOMERY, M.D.

It is for sale by all druggists in the New 50 Cent Size and the regular \$1.00 size bottles—less than a cent a dose. Sample bottle—enough for trial, free by mail. Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y. Dr. David Kennedy's Cherry Balm Best for Colds, Coughs, Consumption, etc., 50c, \$1.00.

BAD FIRES IN CHICAGO.

Four Persons Injured and Many Narrowly Escape.

Chicago, May 6.—Four persons were injured, a damage of \$10,000 was caused and a panic among fifty boarders resulted when the Deering hotel, 25 and 27 Fullerton avenue, was destroyed by fire. The injured are:

Charles Hoffman, fireman, overcome by smoke; Mrs. Victoria Nelson, burned about face, hands and body, may die; Leonard Olson, fireman, overcome by smoke; George Robinson, sergeant of police, bruised and burned about face and body while rescuing Mrs. Nelson.

The building was owned by the Deering Harvester company, and nearly all of the inmates were employed by the concern. The fire started from the overturning of a lamp. The structure was five stories high.

Fire destroyed the building occupied by the J. A. Olson picture frame factory and a number of adjoining buildings at Oakley avenue and Fulton street, entailing a loss estimated at \$60,000. One man is missing and, it is feared, may have lost his life in the flames. Seven families were forced to flee, scantily clad, into the street to escape the flames. The fire followed an explosion in the picture frame factory and spread rapidly to all parts of the structure before the fire department could respond. Twelve horses perished.

WATCHMAKER'S LUCK.

Sells Invention to the Krupps at a High Price.

Berlin, May 6.—A poor watchmaker named Fritz has sold a mechanical time fuse for projectiles to the Krupp company for \$50,000 and a royalty of a mark (25 cents) for each device used. The Schneiders of France have acquired rights for Latin countries, and Vickers Sons & Maxim have secured the rights for the United States and Great Britain.

The mechanism can be adjusted so as to explode in an astonishingly short time at long distances or immediately after penetrating a resisting substance, such as a ship's armor plate or a fortification wall. The new fuse is regarded as being especially useful in exploding shrapnel shells.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.

New York, May 6.
Money on call easy at 2 1/2% per cent.
Prime mercantile paper, 5 1/2% per cent.
Exchanges, \$24,375,230; balances, \$13,577,838.

Closing prices:
Atchafalpa..... 51 N. Y. Central..... 137 1/2
C. & O. & St. L..... 30 1/2 Ontario & West..... 30 1/2
Ches. & Ohio..... 45 1/2 People's Gas..... 30 1/2
Del. & Hudson..... 17 1/2 Reading..... 55 1/2
Erie..... 37 1/2 Rock Island..... 45 1/2
Gen. Electric..... 24 St. Paul..... 145 1/2
Lackawanna..... 23 1/2 Sugar Refining..... 12 1/2
Lead..... 21 Texas Pacific..... 36 1/2
Louis. & Nash..... 119 1/2 Union Pacific..... 21 1/2
Manhattan Co..... 14 1/2 Wallach pref..... 47 1/2
Missouri Pac..... 11 1/2 West. Union..... 82 1/2

General Markets.

New York, May 6.
FLOUR—Very slow, depending on the action of wheat; Minnesota patents, 74a 4 1/2; winter straight, \$3.00a1.00; winter extra, \$2.90a1.00; winter patents, \$3.70a4.
WHEAT—Opened earlier on the fine weather map and lower cables; the fine rallied later by crop damage talk; July, 77 3/4a17 5/16; September, 75 1/2.
RYE—Dull; state, 60a60c; c. I. F. New York No. 2 western, 59a59 1/2c; c. O. h. afloat.
CORN—Quiet, but generally steadier with wheat.
OATS—Higher on the strength in other grains; track, white, state, 34a35c; track, white, western, 34a35c.
PORK—Dull; mess, \$18.50a18 1/2; family, \$19.
LARD—Dull; prime western steam, 8 1/2c.
EGGS—Firm; state and Pennsylvania, 15a15 1/2c; western, storage packed, 15 1/2a 15 3/4c.
SUGAR—Raw steady; fair refining, 9 1/2-10c; centrifugal, 9 1/2 test, 11-11 1/2c; refined steady; crushed, 8 1/2c; powdered, 8 1/2c.
TURPENTINE—Steady at 40a40 1/2c.
MOLASSES—Firm; New Orleans, 15a16c. RICE—Firm; domestic, 14a15c; Japan, nominal.
TALLOW—Firm; city, 5 1/2c; country, 5 1/4c.
HAY—Steady; shipping, 10a10 1/2c; good to choice, \$11.15.